

11.ANNEXURES

11.1. ANNEXURE-I (RATE SCHEDULE FOR FY 2026-27)

RATE SCHEDULE FOR FY 2026-27

(APPLICABLE FOR NIDP)

A. GENERAL PROVISIONS:

These provisions shall apply to all categories unless specified otherwise and are integral part of the Rate Schedule.

1. NEW CONNECTIONS:

All new connections shall be given in kW or kVA as agreed to be supplied by the Licensee. Further, if the contracted load (kW / kVA) of already existing consumer is in fractions then the same shall be treated as next higher kW / kVA load. If the contracted load is in kW and is being converted into kVA, the conversion factor of 0.90 will be used ($kVA = kW / 0.90$) for tariff application purposes and the same shall be rounded off up to two decimal places.

2. READING OF METERS:

As per applicable provisions of UP Electricity Supply Code, 2005 and its amendments.

3. BILLING WHEN METER IS NOT MADE ACCESSIBLE:

A penalty of Rs. 50.00 / kW unless revised by the Commission through an Order shall be levied for the purposes of Clause 6.2 (c) of the applicable UP Electricity Supply Code, 2005 and its amendments.

4. BILLING IN CASE OF DEFECTIVE METERS:

As per the applicable provisions of UP Electricity Supply Code, 2005 and its amendments.

5. kVAh TARIFF:

'kVAh based tariffs' shall be applicable on all consumers having contracted load of 10 kW and above, under different categories with TVM / TOD / Demand recording meters (as appropriate).

The rates prescribed in different categories in terms of kW and kWh will be converted into appropriate kVA and kVAh by multiplying Fixed / Demand Charges and Energy Charges by an average power factor of 0.90. The Fixed / Demand Charges and Energy Charges can be converted into respective kVA and kVAh rates in accordance with formula given below:

$$\text{Fixed Charges in kVA} = (\text{Fixed Charges in kW} * 0.90)$$

$$\text{Energy Charges in kVAh} = (\text{Energy Charges in kWh} * 0.90)$$

The converted rates (i.e. Energy charge in Rs. / kVAh and Fixed / Demand charges in Rs. / kVA) will be rounded up to two decimal places.

Further, for converting energy slabs of different categories specified in kWh to kVAh, average power factor of 0.90 will be used as a converting factor for converting each energy slab (specified in kWh) into energy slabs (in kVAh). The converted energy slabs (in kVAh) will be rounded to next higher kVAh.

Note 1: In case of kVAh billing only kVAh reading will be used for billing purpose.

Note 2: If the average power factor of a consumer in a billing cycle is leading and is within the range of 0.95 - 1.00, then for tariff application purposes such leading power factor shall be treated as unity. The bills of such consumers shall be prepared on kWh basis. However, if the leading power factor is below 0.95 (lead) then the consumer shall be billed as per the kVAh reading indicated by the meter.

Note 3: If a consumer with a contracted load of 3 kW or above, opts for three phase connection, the Licensee should provide three phase connection to such consumer. The cost of such connection shall be borne by the consumer as per the cost data book approved by the Commission.

6. BILLABLE LOAD / DEMAND:

For all consumers having TVM / TOD / Demand recording meters installed, the billable load / demand during a month shall be the actual maximum load / demand as recorded by the meter (can be in parts of kW or kVA) or 75% of the contracted load / demand (kW or kVA), whichever is higher.

In case the Licensee's meter reader does not note the actual maximum load / demand for any month, then the Licensee will raise the bill at 75% of the contracted load for that month, even if such reading is taken subsequently.

In cases where the consumer approaches the Licensee with a meter reading but does not provide the proof of actual maximum load / demand displayed on his meter, then in such case the Licensee will raise the bill at 100% of the contracted load.

Further in case a consumer feels that his maximum load / demand reading has been wrongly/ incorrectly noted, the consumer may approach the licensee with a photo of the actual maximum load / demand reading displayed on his meter of the concerned month. The Licensee shall accept the same for the purpose of computation of billable demand, however if the Licensee wishes to, it can get the same verified within 5 days.

7. SURCHARGE / PENALTY:

(i) DELAYED PAYMENT:

If a consumer, having postpaid connections, fails to pay his electricity bill by the due date specified therein, a late payment surcharge shall be levied at 1.25% on the dues (excluding late payment surcharge) per month; up-to first three months of delay and subsequently at 2.00% on the dues (excluding late payment surcharge) per month of delay. Late payment surcharge shall be calculated proportionately for the number of days for which the payment is delayed beyond the due date specified in the bill and levied on the unpaid amount of the bill excluding delayed payment surcharge. Imposition of this surcharge is without prejudice to the right of the Licensee to disconnect the supply or take any other measure permissible under the law.

(ii) CHARGES FOR EXCEEDING CONTRACTED DEMAND:

- a) If the maximum load / demand in any month, for the consumers having TVM / TOD / Demand recording meter exceeds the contracted load / demand, then such excess load / demand shall be levied equal to 200% of the normal rate apart from the normal fixed / demand charges (not minimum charge/ minimum amount/ bill payable) as per the maximum load

/ demand recorded by the meter.

- b) As provided in the MoP's Electricity (Rights of Consumers) Rules, 2020 the revision of the sanctioned load, if any, based on the actual recorded maximum demand shall be as under:
 - i. In case of increase in recorded maximum demand, the lowest of the monthly maximum demand, where the recorded maximum demand has exceeded the sanctioned load limit, at least three times during a financial year, shall be considered as the revised sanctioned load for the consumer from the first billing cycle in the next financial year. The consumer should be intimated of such revision along with the complete details of the basis on which sanctioned load has been increased. The Licensee shall recover additional security deposit and other charges from such consumers as per increased sanctioned load as provided in the UP Electricity Supply Code, 2005 and its amendments/ Cost Data Book.
 - ii. In case of reduction of maximum demand, the revision of sanctioned load shall be done in accordance with the UP Electricity Supply Code, 2005 and its amendments.
- c) Any surcharge / penalty shall be over and above the minimum charge if the consumption bill of the consumer is being prepared on the basis of minimum charge.
- d) Provided where no TVM / TOD / Demand recording meter is installed, the excess load / demand charge shall be levied as per the UP Electricity Supply Code, 2005 and its amendments.

8. POWER FACTOR SURCHARGE:

- i. Power factor surcharge shall not be levied where consumer is being billed on kVAh consumption basis.
- ii. It shall be obligatory for all consumers to maintain an average power factor of 0.90 or more during any billing period.

- iii. In respect of the consumers being billed on kWh consumption basis with or without TVM / TOD / Demand recording meters, if on inspection it is found that capacitors of appropriate rating are missing or in-operational and Licensee can prove that the absence of capacitor is bringing down the power factor of the consumer below the obligatory norm of 0.90; then a surcharge of 15% on the 'RATE' shall be levied on such consumers. The Licensee may also initiate action under the relevant provisions of the Electricity Act, 2003, as amended from time to time.

Notwithstanding anything contained above, the Licensee also has a right to disconnect the power supply, if the power factor falls below 0.75.

Wherever, the meter is capable of capturing power factor, the same shall be depicted in the bills of the consumer.

Power factor surcharge shall, however, not be levied during the period of disconnection on account of any reason whatsoever.

9. ROUNDING OFF:

All bills will be rounded off to the nearest rupee i.e. up to 49 paise shall be rounded down to previous rupee and 50 paise upwards shall be rounded up to next rupee. The difference due to such rounding shall be adjusted in subsequent bills.

10. PRE-PAID METERS:

- (i) Any consumer having prepaid meters shall also be entitled to a discount of 2.00 % on the 'RATE' as defined in the Tariff Order.
- (ii) The Licensee shall provide monthly bills to all prepaid consumers similar to the bills being provided to the postpaid consumers.

11. CONSUMERS NOT COVERED UNDER ANY RATE SCHEDULE OR EXPRESSLY EXCLUDED FROM ANY CATEGORY:

Any consumer not covered under any rate schedule will be categorized under HV-1.

12. A consumer under metered category may undertake any extension work, in the same premises, on his existing connection without taking any temporary connection as long

as his demand does not exceed his contracted demand, and the consumer shall be billed in accordance with the tariff applicable to that category of consumer.

13. REBATE ON PAYMENT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE:

A rebate at the rate of 1.00 % on the 'RATE' shall be given in case the payment is made on or before the due date. The consumers having any arrears in the bill shall not be entitled for this rebate. The consumers who have made advance deposit against their future monthly energy bills shall also be eligible for the above rebate applicable on the 'RATE'.

14. SCHEME FOR ADVANCE DEPOSIT FOR FUTURE MONTHLY ENERGY BILLS:

If a consumer, having postpaid connection, intends to make advance deposit against his future monthly energy bills, the Licensee shall accept such payment, and this amount shall be adjusted only towards his future monthly energy bills. On such advance deposit the consumers shall be paid interest, at the interest rate applicable on security deposit, for the period during which advance exists for each month on reducing balance method and amount so accrued shall be adjusted in the electricity bills which shall be shown separately in the bill of each month. Further, quarterly report regarding the same must be submitted to the Commission.

15. FACILITATION CHARGE FOR ONLINE PAYMENT:

- (i) No transaction charge shall be collected from the consumers making their payment through internet banking.
- (ii) The Licensees shall bear the transaction charges for transactions up to Rs. 4,000.00 for payment of bill through internet using Credit Card / Debit Card.

16. MINIMUM CHARGE:

Minimum charge is the charge in accordance with the tariff in force from time to time and come into effect only when sum of Fixed / Demand Charges and Energy Charges are less than a certain prescribed amount i.e. Minimum Charges. For each month, consumer will pay an amount that is higher of the following:

- Fixed / Demand Charges (if any) plus Energy Charge on the basis of actual

consumption for the month and additional charges such as Electricity Duty, Regulatory Surcharges, Fuel Surcharges and any other charges as specified by the Commission from time to time.

- Monthly minimum charge as specified by the Commission and computed at the contracted load and additional charges such as Electricity Duty, Regulatory Surcharges, Fuel Surcharges, and any other charges as specified by the Commission from time to time.

17. INTEREST ON DUES PAYABLE TO CONSUMER BY THE LICENSEE:

If a consumer becomes eligible for any dues from the Licensee which may arise out of any reason including rectification / adjustment / settlement of bill(s), then such consumer will also be entitled to get interest at rate applicable for interest on security deposits on all the dues payable by the Licensee to the consumer. The Licensee shall compute the interest amount for the period during which such pending amounts exists and adjust such interest towards the future monthly bills of consumers. After adjustment of the interest amount in a particular month, the balance amount, will be carried forward to next month for adjustment with interest on balance amount. The details of such interest amount and adjustment made during the month shall be shown separately in the bill. Further, separate accounting of interest paid must be maintained by the Licensees.

18. GREEN ENERGY TARIFF:

- a) The Commission approves the Green Energy Tariff of Rs. 0.34 per Unit for HV category consumers and Rs. 0.17 per Unit for LMV category consumers.
- b) This Tariff will be applicable for all the opting consumers. Tariff will be in addition to the regular Tariff as approved by the Commission.
- c) The green energy purchased from distribution licensee or from Renewable Energy sources other than distribution licensee in excess of Renewable Purchase Obligation of obligated entity shall be counted towards Renewable Purchase Obligation compliance of the distribution licensee.
- d) Any requisition for green energy shall be for a minimum period of one year from

the date of opting of green energy.

Further, the Licensees will display the same separately in the bill as well as in the receipt of such consumers who opted for Green Energy Tariff, in addition to the Fixed / Demand Charges and Energy Charges. They will also keep a separate account for this tariff and separate item in their annual financial statements and provide the full details to the Commission every year along with the tariff filings.

19. The Licensee will display the FPPAS in the monthly bills that have been applied.